RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 1 of 31)



School/Academy:		The Milford Academy		Date of assessment	January 2021
Who might be harme	ed?	Pupils, staff, visitors and contractors		How many are affected?	Whole School
The risks and control r the more infectious str		from the previous version of this risk assessment should be revie	ewed in ligh	t of the local transmission rate and	Current Tier:
		ay already be deemed to be sufficient or no further actions may I I a learning experience that is possible during the pandemic.	be deemed	possible whilst the school	National Restrictions
Reference Document		lance for full opening - schools (30 th December 2020) ricting attendance during the national lockdown: schools Guidan	ce for all so	chools in England (January 2021)	
Date		Summary of school position (include approximate numbers a staff working from home)	and classifi	cation of pupil cohort in school and hom	neworking and numbers of
18/0/21		Currently we have a maximum of XXX pupils attending on-site accessing remote learning from home using Seesaw platform pin size from 15-20. Nursery / MESU has been opened to all whom the second secon	orimarily. C	hildren on site are being taught in year	group bubbles that range
Hazard Aspect		Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timesc ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	ales Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Communication	1				
Staff	• This obtai	completed risk assessment is shared with staff. Signatures are ned.	~	All staff to sign by 29/01/21	
	of the	are encouraged to give regular feedback on the effectiveness ese control measures and plans, share suggestions and ify additional touch points.	~	Senior Leader available on site each	day LOW
Parents/carers, pupils and visitors	comr instru	elevant control measures from this risk assessment are nunicated to parents, carers, pupils and visitors. This includes icting children old enough not to touch staff and their peers e possible. Signage is installed wherever necessary as a	√	Signs in place, regular updates comm parents, staff and pupils	ns with

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 2 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 reminder. If possible, a pdf version of this completed risk assessment published on the school's website to provide transparency of approach to parents, carers and pupils. (Do not include names where any personal details are recorded). 	✓	On website by 05/02/21	-
Employer	• This completed risk assessment (v.4) is shared with the Governing Body and employer.	~	To be sent to Chair by 22/01/21	LOW
Trade Unions	 This completed (v.4) risk assessment is shared with the recognised Trade Unions following approval by the school's Governing Body. (Do not include names where any personal details are recorded). 	~	Shared with all TU as necessary – supported by D.T.	LOW
Contracting / transm	itting Covid-19			
Preventing symptomatic persons attending school	 Pupils, parents / carers and any visitors, such as suppliers, are informed not to enter the school if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus: a new, continuous cough or a high temperature or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia) PHE Campaign posters are available here. 	✓	Health protocols to be resent to all parents/carers prior to return in September	LOW
	• For noting: In the majority of cases, schools and parents will be in agreement that a child with symptoms should not attend school, given the potential risk to others. In the event that a parent or guardian insists on a child attending school, schools can take the decision to refuse the child if in their reasonable judgement it is necessary to protect their pupils and staff from possible infection with coronavirus.	~	Reminder to parents/carers about not sending children with Covid-19 symptoms sent 02.09.20. Temperature testing available at school. Evidence of test results to be seen when returning.	-
Reducing the number of persons on site	• It remains the case that wider government policy advises those who can work from home to do so considered in the wider context in keeping the school operational and safe.	~	All ECV staff working from home. Pregnant staff over 28 weeks working from	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 3 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium Iow
	The minimum number of staff is on site at any given time.		home	
	 Where possible, the vulnerability of staff and their household to the virus is considered in determining rotas of staff working from home / school. As a rough guide the following priority list is used in the consultation with staff: (ECV staff - must work from home) Pregnant staff over 28 weeks CV staff with ECV household members Staff with ECV household members Staff with CV household members Staff in other higher risk groups (BAME, over 60-year olds) or living with higher risk individuals. 	~	Individual RAS in place for staff falling into other groups working on site. Rotas in place to ensure all staff have agreed working patterns	
	• The school allows and strongly encourages vulnerable children and young people to attend.	~	Senior staff consulted with teaching staff to draw up lists of vulnerable children invited back into school	
	 Children with at least one parent or carer who is a critical worker can go to school if required. This includes parents who may be working from home. Evidence is requested confirming the critical worker status if necessary. Parents and carers who are critical workers are informed to keep their children at home if they can. 	~	Critical workers informed they can attend and asked to provide evidence of their status. Regular communications sent out to ensure parents aware they should only attend on days when they are working	
	• Early years provision continues to remain open and allows all children to attend full time or their usual timetable hours. Only vulnerable children and children of critical workers attend on-site reception classes.	√	Nursery / MESU is open to all from 18/01/21 F2 open to vulnerable / Critical worker children only	
	• The school does not plan for rotas or allow children other than those who are vulnerable or whose parent or carer is a critical worker to attend on-site, even if the school believes it can accommodate more children safely.	~	In place Remote provision via Seesaw for all other children	
	Contractors undertaking statutory testing and emergency and	\checkmark	Shared information with site team	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 4 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 routine repairs are permitted on site. They are advised to arrange visits outside of the school day where possible and avoid arriving and leaving site during pupil pick up and drop off times. The number and duration of face to face contacts with adults is limited as far as possible (e.g. less than 15 minutes in one day). 2 metre social distancing protocols are followed. 	V	Plans in place to ensure contractors are on site for the least time possible. Social distancing in place	
	 Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools, but are kept to the minimum. They ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. The number of groups taught and locations worked in are minimised to reduce the number of contacts made. Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND provide interventions as usual. 	~	Track & Trace records in place. Contact between "bubbles" minimised. Social distancing observed to keep contact between bubbles minimised.	-
	The school continues hosting initial teacher training (ITT) trainees throughout the national lockdown. Trainees continue to go into their school or college on placement to support teaching and also support schools in other ways, including supporting remote education, developing lesson materials and offering pastoral support	✓	This term one trainee is due to be with school – supporting remote learning until February half term and then will be reviewed – agreed with university ITE provider	-
	• The School's coronavirus safety principles are communicated to essential visitors such as contractors, other non-school based services, external coaches, clubs and organisations for curricular and extra-curricular activities prior to any proposed visit.	~	Designated meeting areas for essential visitors to facilitate additional hygiene measures	
	• A dialogue is undertaken where necessary between the school and visitors regarding the schedule of the visit including the rooms to be visited and any points of discussion around social distancing and hygiene.			
	• Parents/carers are informed that if their child needs to be accompanied to the school, only one parent/carer should attend if possible.	✓		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 5 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	• Conversations with parent/carers are held on the telephone wherever possible. Parents/carers are informed not to enter the school building unless they have a pre-arranged appointment. The 2-metre social distancing rule applies to these meetings and kept as short as possible (e.g. less than 15 minutes).	•	Conversations held outside where practical. Well ventilated meeting room used if required with social distancing measures followed and disinfectant wipes.	
	• Non-essential visitors are asked remain away from site. In determining whether the visitor is essential consider whether the meeting can be undertaken remotely, whether there are any other health and safety, financial or other significant implications of not undertaking the visit.	 		
	Governor meetings held virtually if possible. Any Governor meetings held in school are undertaken following social distancing protocols.	✓	Meetings still being held virtually	LOW
	Governor monitoring visits are undertaken virtually if possible.	✓	No planned performances with an audience	
	Schools do not host any performances with an audience.		this term	
Persons at higher risk of becoming seriously ill	• Following the reintroduction of shielding during national lockdown, clinically extremely vulnerable staff are advised that they should not attend the workplace.	√	Staff who are classed as CEV are not working on site.	
	Clinically extremely vulnerable individuals are those identified through a letter from the NHS or a specialist doctor as in the group deemed clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV or shielding list). Staff who are identified as clinically extremely vulnerable should follow the published guidance.			
	See also staff welfare.			
	• Clinically extremely vulnerable pupils are advised not to attend school during notational lockdown.	√	No pupils currently in this category	
	The following measures are in place for pregnant members of staff and recorded on the pregnancy Covid risk assessment:	~	All guidance followed and measures put in place for Spring term	
	 Up to 28 weeks: Avoid face to face contact, observe social distancing recommendations where possible. 			

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 6 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 Over 28 weeks: Consider further precautions. 			
	• Staff in the BAME categories have been individually reminded to observe good prevention practice in the workplace and home settings.	√	Meetings with staff in this group taken place with RP and individual RAS created where necessary	
	For noting: There is clear evidence that certain BAME groups have higher rates of infection, and higher rates of serious disease, morbidity and mortality. There is no strong evidence that ethnicity by itself (or genetics) is the sole explanation for observed differences in rates of severe illness and deaths. What is clear is that certain health conditions are associated with increased risk of serious disease, and these health conditions are often overrepresented in certain BAME groups. It is also clear that societal factors, such as occupation, household size, deprivation, and access to healthcare can increase susceptibility to COVID-19 and worsen outcomes following infection.			
	• Clinically vulnerable staff continue to attend school where it is not possible to work from home. They are individually reminded to observe social distancing where possible, face to face contact is avoided and the aide memoire is used.	~	Discussed with individual staff who are generally working from home where they can – where they are on site individual RAS have been carried out and shared	
	• Staff who live with those who are clinically vulnerable or clinically extremely vulnerable are individually reminded to observe good prevention practice in the workplace and home settings.	~	As above	
School Visits	The school notes that the DfE advises against educational visits during the national lockdown.	~	No planned educational visits in Spring term	
Undertaking CPR / and First Aid	The following information has been shared with school first aiders: <u>Resuscitation Council UK Statement on COVID-19 in relation to</u> <u>CPR and resuscitation in first aid and community settings</u> <u>www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/first-aid-and-medicals/first-aid-</u> certificate-coronavirus.htm	~	Shared with all 1 st aid staff in school.	
	"It is clear that treating any casualty properly should be the first concern. Where it is necessary for first aid provision to be administered in close proximity, those administering it should pay			

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 7 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures particular attention to sanitation measures immediately afterwards including washing hands"	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Persons becoming symptomatic whilst in school	 If anyone in the school becomes unwell with: a new, continuous cough or a high temperature or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia) they must: be sent home and advised to follow <u>'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection</u>, which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus. Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 10 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms. 	√	Locations where pupils could be isolated: Meeting room opposite main reception to continue to be used for this purpose. All staff aware of the procedure when child displays symptoms	
	 PPE is available in the event that someone becomes symptomatic on site and if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained: a face mask disposable gloves and an apron if contact is necessary eye protection if a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of fluids entering the eye from, for example, coughing, spitting or vomiting. 	√	PPE supplies maintained	LOW
	 If a member of staff has helped someone who was unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, they do not need to go home unless they develop symptoms themselves (and in which case, a test is available) or the child subsequently tests positive. They should wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds after any contact with someone who is unwell. Cleaning the affected area with normal household disinfectant after someone with symptoms has left will reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See the <u>COVID-19: cleaning of non-</u> 	✓		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 8 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	healthcare settings guidance.			
	• Records of persons with symptoms consistent with coronavirus are kept (ref: tracker).	\checkmark	Proforma established	LOW
Test and Trace	• The <u>latest NHS/PHE test and trace information</u> has been shared with staff and parents. In particular, parents are encouraged to get tests for their children if they develop symptoms.	√	Shared with all stake holders as required	
	 The school understands the purpose of the school's own home test kits, has decided who makes the decision to offer the kit when they have a stock and by what criterial. <u>Reference.</u> "You should only offer a home test kit to individuals who have developed symptoms while at school (or to their parent or carer if it is a pupil) in the exceptional circumstance that you believe they may have barriers to accessing a test elsewhere, and that giving them a home test kit directly will therefore significantly increase the likelihood of them getting tested." Note that to book a test at a centre they will need their own transport (or walk). To book either a test at a centre or to request a home test kit access to the internet and mobile phone is required, or by telephoning NHS on 119. 	✓	Protocols established. Barriers to teaching identified by Pastoral Team	LOW
	 Swift action is taken when you become aware that someone who has attended school has tested positive for coronavirus (ref. symptom summary sheet v.6) 	✓	Swift action evidentially taken (see report log)	LOW
	Staff and parent telephone numbers are checked for accuracy.	\checkmark	Ongoing	
	• Contact details, are kept of all other visitors to the school, including where possible, personal phone numbers.	\checkmark	GDPR guidance sought	MEDIUM
	 Ongoing records are kept of: The names of pupils in the bubbles and members of staff who have accessed them. Any close contact that takes places between children and staff in different bubbles. 	✓	New record sheets to be created. Staff allocated for 20/21 year groups	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 9 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: * state action to be taken with timescales * any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	These details may be required at short notice outside the regular school day to enable the school to inform individuals to immediately self-isolate.			
	 Where staff have downloaded the NHS Covid app: If staff keep their mobile phones on their person during the working day then the app can be left on. If staff's mobile phones are not kept on their person during the working day e.g. in a drawer or locker, they are asked to keep their mobile phones switched off or the app turned off (i.e. contact tracing paused) 	✓ ✓	Staff will judge their own personal circumstances to decide if their mobile phones need to be switched on (e.g. childcare COVID issues)	-
	• For noting: In the event that a pupil or member of staff reports symptoms, the rest of the bubble can continue to attend school awaiting the result of the test (apart from any siblings who are in, or not in, the same bubble who must also self-isolate with the rest of their household).	~		-
Hygiene – General	 Correct handwashing and good hygiene are followed by staff, pupils, visitors and contractors. Pupils wash their hands at the designated times during the day and after certain activities: On arrival at school After breaks and sport activities Early Years: after using wheeled bikes, trikes and other large, movable toys Before cooking and eating After using the toilet Before leaving home Note: Electric hand dryers may be used in schools 	~	Protocols to continue	LOW
	• A process is in place for removing face coverings when pupils and staff who use them arrive at school. Pupils are instructed not to touch the front of their face covering during use or when removing them. They must wash their hands immediately on arrival (as is the case for all pupils), dispose of temporary face coverings in a	X	Face covering protocol to be established if advised in September	LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 10 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: * state action to be taken with timescales * any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	covered bin or place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them, and then wash their hands again before heading to their classroom.			
	 For noting: School uniforms do not need to be cleaned any more often than usual, nor do they need to be cleaned using methods which are different from normal. The school may feel it is appropriate to relax their uniform policy whilst only certain categories of pupils are attending. 	v	PE kit is being worn to school on PE lesson days to reduce the amount of additional items coming on site.	-
	 <u>Posters</u> are displayed in every classroom to be used, at the main entrance or front office, in places visible to those at the school gate if possible, in the staffroom and in all toilets and reminders given to pupils. Particular pupil groups are encouraged where possible not to touch their faces or to put objects in their mouths. 	√	Posters to be displayed in every classroom for September	LOW
	 Adequate soap / hand sanitizer and tissues are available for pupils and staff throughout the school and for visitors arriving at main reception. Soap and water is the preferred choice; hand sanitizer is used when the use of soap and water is not practical. Identified children are supervised with their use of hand sanitiser use given risks around ingestion. Small children and pupils with complex needs should continue to be helped to clean their hands properly. Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes are used as an alternative. 	 Image: A start of the start of		LOW
	• Arrangements for dealing with bodily fluids are in place. The risk assessment has been completed and appropriate disposal procedures are in place.	✓		LOW
	 The best choice of bins for used tissues is a lidded bin with a pedal as you will not need to physically touch the bin lid and the tissues will be safely stored. Lidded swing top type bins will require the person disposing of the 	~	Lidded bins in every classroom	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 11 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 tissue to touch the lid, potentially contaminating it. Although that person disposing the tissue should wash their hands afterwards, the next person to use the bin who is disposing general waste may not wash their hands afterwards and potentially contaminate their hands. Therefore if these are used then they should be only for the disposal of tissues and labelled as such perhaps with a reminder to wash their hands afterwards. Bins without lids shouldn't be used for tissues but can be used for general waste and/or paper towels used to dry hands after washing them. Site staff / cleaners wash their hands after emptying the bins. 			
	 Sufficient ongoing enhanced cleaning in areas occupied by staff and pupils. Any unoccupied areas due to fewer pupils being in school can be cleaned less regularly and secured and/or signed to restrict access. A list of touch points and surfaces that will receive regular cleaning has been created. These will include door handles, WC flush handles, WC vanity surfaces, taps, push plates, dining tables, door and gate entry systems, photocopier control panels, banisters, chairs, light switches. Frequently touched surfaces and touch points are cleaned using sanitizing chemicals. The frequency of necessary cleaning has been identified. More frequent cleaning is required of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups. 	~	Cleaning protocols and rotas discussed with site manager – additional cleaning is taking place throughout the day across school. Touch points around school cleaned regularly Access to areas not being used in Spring 1 restricted to ensure they stay clean.	
	• Wherever possible contactless payments are accepted on site rather than cash. In the event that this isn't possible, office staff should wash or sanitise their hands immediately after handling any coins.	~	Cashless site	
Hygiene – Classroom group bubble	• Soft furnishings, soft toys and toys that are hard or impossible to clean (such as play dough or those with intricate parts) have been removed from use in rooms which more than one bubble group	✓	Bubble year group corridors to be established. Y4 individual in terms of the classroom location	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 12 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium Iow
	uses.			
	• Unnecessary items are removed from classrooms and other learning environments where there is space to store it elsewhere as this reduces the amount of cleaning required.	✓		LOW
	• Teaching staff may wish to clean articles or areas within the classroom during the school day e.g. books after being touched by pupils, touch points within their class, e.g. in the event a pupil has dropped a used tissue on a table:	~	Current protocols to be maintained in terms of equipment and cleaning	LOW
	It is safest that teaching staff use sanitising wipes for this purpose. If other cleaning chemicals are used then additional COSHH risk assessments, training and PPE may be required. These chemicals should be purchased in the dilution ready for use, kept in the original bottles and stored securely within the classroom.			
	Teachers wash or sanitise their hands before and after handling pupils' books.	~	66	
	 Activities are avoided which involve passing items around a class where it does not contribute to pupil education and development. The sharing of books, other resources and equipment is avoided where possible. Staff and pupils have their own pencils and pens, which are not shared. Consider labelling items with pupils' names. 	~	"	-
	• Shared materials such as books and games and surfaces are cleaned and sanitised more frequently. Resources for activities such as painting, sticking, cutting, small world play, indoor and outdoor construction activities are washed before and after use.	~	"	-
	• Resources that are shared between bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment are cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles.	~	"	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 13 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	• Pupils limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, to essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery and mobile phones. Bags are allowed.	~	" Bags allowed from September	
	• The amount of shared resources that are taken home are limited.	\checkmark		
	• Ensure that reusable drinking cups are not shared between pupils. Consider replacing reusable drinking cups with disposable cups.	\checkmark		
	• Children and staff are encouraged to flush toilets with the lid down to avoid the possibility of an aerosol. Where there are toilets without lids in nurseries a temporary cover is placed over the toilet when staff have to flush nursery toilets.	~		
PPE (<u>Reference)</u>	Adequate necessary Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is available for cleaning tasks, personal care, first aid and certain medical procedures.	✓	In place	
	• Training and instruction have been provided for the putting on, removing and disposal of PPE.	Х	Training online for all staff on INSET 02.09.20	
	• Risk assessments in place for medical procedures have been reviewed in light of the pandemic (contact the medical professional who created or assisted with the creation of the risk assessment) and in particular noting whether any additional PPE is necessary.	✓	Review 02.09.20	
	• Aerosol generating procedures (AGPs): Within education settings these are only undertaken for a very small number of children with complex medical needs, such as those receiving tracheostomy care. Staff performing AGPs in these settings follow Public Health England's personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance on aerosol generating procedures, and wear the correct PPE which is:	✓		LOW
	 a FFP2/3 respirator gloves a long-sleeved fluid repellent gown eye protection 			

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 14 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Face coverings in school (Face coverings are instead largely intended to protect others, not the wearer, against the spread of infection because they cover the nose and mouth, which are the main confirmed sources of transmission of virus that causes coronavirus infection)	 The Head Teacher has determined whether to ask staff or visitors to wear, or agree to them wearing face coverings in circumstances where social distancing is not possible in areas outside of classrooms between members of staff or visitors, for example in staffrooms. Note that some individuals are exempt from wearing face coverings. (Based on current evidence and the measures that schools are already putting in place, such as the system of controls and consistent bubbles, face coverings will not be necessary in the classroom even where social distancing is not possible. Face coverings would have a negative impact on teaching and their use in the classroom should be avoided). 	✓	Face coverings typically not to be worn in school. Face coverings will be worn on a case by case basis to be discussed personally with Head Teacher where necessary, (typically where social distancing cannot be applied)	LOW
coronavirus imection)	 Staff will now have access to face coverings due to their increasing use in wider society. In the event that the Head Teacher recommends face coverings in circumstances identified above and where staff or visitors are struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, a small contingency supply available to meet such needs. 	✓	Staff now required to wear face coverings when moving around school Supply of face coverings available from main office	
	 Instructions are displayed / provided for wearers of face coverings of the correct way – available as a list here and an infographic here 	✓	List available in school office.	LOW
Reducing number of touchpoints	 Touchpoints are reduced by propping open non-fire doors. Fire doors can only be held open throughout the school day with dedicated automatic closing devices. 	\checkmark	Ventilation to be reviewed throughout Autumn Term	
	• Only use touch screen signing in systems if it can be ensured that only the bar code reader is used or hands are sanitised straight afterward after touching and the screens are cleaned on a regular basis at appropriate times.	~		
	Consider whether drinking fountains need to be taken out of action.	N/A		

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 15 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Site to site visits	Staff who travel from school to another site during work hours for work purposes (i.e. not the commute) on public transport have been provided surgical face masks or the following information: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/how-to-wear-and-make-a-cloth-face-covering/how-to-wear-and-make-a-cloth-face- covering</u>	✓		
Contracting / transm	itting Covid-19 – including the "Bubble" Model			
Parents and pupils travelling to school	Parents/carers and pupils are encouraged to walk or cycle to the school where possible.	✓		
	 The school has considered how pupils arrive at school, and how to reduce any unnecessary travel on coaches, buses or public transport where possible. Consider undertaking a parental survey on their typical mode of travel. Consider staggered start times to enable more public transport journeys to take place outside of peak hours. 	✓		LOW
	Families using public transport are referred to the safer travel guidance for passengers: <u>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-</u> <u>covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-for-passengers</u>	~	Minimal use of public transport	
Organising the school day	• Drop-off and collection times are staggered but these should not reduce the amount of overall teaching time. Specific arrangements are determined where parents/carers have children in different year groups.	•		LOW
	• Parents/carers' drop-off and pick-up protocols that minimise adult to adult contact are in place. Parents/carers are instructed not to congregate in groups on, or directly outside the school premises.	~		LOW
	Break times including lunch are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time.	~		LOW
Foyer / Reception	• Consider marking the ground directly outside the front entrance with tape or temporary paint at 2 metre intervals and display instructional	~		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 16 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: * state action to be taken with timescales * any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 signage. Consider marking the floor of the foyer with tape at 2 metre intervals, and in doing so identify how many individuals (or pairs of individuals from the same household) can safely be present in the foyer at any one time. Instructional signage is displayed. 	✓		LOW
	Office staff to only allow this identified number into the foyer in at any one time – the front entrance door will need to be on the door entry control system if installed.			
	• Existing reception screens are kept in the closed position wherever possible. Floor markings are installed if screens are not in place and there is no other barrier preventing the visitor approaching 2 metres from the receptionist. (Note that 1 metre distance is acceptable where screens are fitted)	~		LOW
Office (<u>Reference</u>)	• Consider splitting administration staff with staff working from home on alternate days. For larger teams fixing these splits (cohorting), so that where contact is unavoidable, this happens between the same individuals.	•		
	 The office layout has been examined such that workstations that are usable at the same time (i.e. 2 metres apart) have been identified. If the proposed workstations are closer than 2 metres (but at least 1 metre) and the office activity needs to continue in this manner, all the following actions must be undertaken where possible to reduce the risk: Further increasing the frequency of hand washing and surface cleaning. Keeping the activity time involved as short as possible. Using screens or barriers to separate people from each other. Using back-to-back or side-to-side working (rather than face to-face). 	~	Typically 2 metres apart work stations established. Risk assess where this is not in place.	LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 17 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	Hot desks are avoided where possible. Where not possible, workstations are cleaned in between use.	N/A		
Meeting rooms	Remote working tools (Teams, Zoom, Meet) are used to avoid in- person meetings where possible.	~		
	• Only absolutely necessary participants physically attend meetings and they maintain social distancing guidelines (2m, or 1m with risk mitigation where 2m is not viable).	~		
	Pens, documents and other objects are not shared.	✓		LOW
	Hand sanitiser is provided in meeting rooms.	\checkmark		
	Meetings are held outdoors or in well-ventilated rooms whenever possible.	~		
	• For areas where regular meetings take place, floor signage is used to help people maintain social distancing.	~		
Staff room	Use of staff rooms should be minimised, although staff must still have a break of a reasonable length during the day.	~	Staff briefing in Junior Hall to maintain social distancing	LOW
	Staff can continue to use the staff room if they apply social			
	 distancing measures: Identify seating that can be used 2 metres apart. Back to back seating is preferred. Tape off other seating. Stagger staff breaktimes Instruct staff not to congregate at the kitchen area. 	•		
	Notices promoting hand hygiene and social distancing are visibly placed in the staff room.	~		LOW
Corridors	• Movement around the school site is kept to a minimum. Busy corridors, entrances and exits are avoided. Staggered break times and lunch times are considered as necessary.	~	Staff working in year group bubbles with limited need to move around school during the day.	
	Consider one-way circulation, or place a divider down the middle of	N/A	Breaks / lunch times are staggered Corridors too narrow. Routes to exits to be established	LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 18 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	the corridor to keep groups apart as they move through the setting where spaces are accessed by corridors.			
Classrooms	 Small adaptations are made to the classroom to support distancing where possible. This include: seating pupils side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on. moving unnecessary furniture out of classrooms to make more space if necessary. 	✓	Classrooms organised with 15 tables facing the front	LOW
	Bubble sizes are kept as small as possible noting that fewer pupils per bubble will mean a greater number of bubbles and therefore greater number of staff on site.	✓	All year group bubbles are sized between 10- 20 from the start of January. A couple of bubbles have increased to a maximum of 24 by the end of January – weekly review of numbers show that we have very rarely had over 20 in a bubble so far in Spring 1 . Numbers in bubbles kept under constant review	
	 Ideally, adults maintain a 2-metre distance from each other, and from children. They avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. This will not be possible when working with many pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care. These pupils' educational and care support are provided as normal. This is not likely to be possible with younger children however teachers can still work across groups if that is needed to enable a full educational offer. Social distancing should be encouraged between pupils wherever possible if this doesn't adversely affect learning. e.g. where there are fewer pupils in the class, they could be spaced out more. The 2-metre distance to the teacher at the front of the class may be easier to implement with the front row of desks 	~	Staff reminded of need to socially distance, signs up and in place around school site Pupils reminded of need to socially distance where possible – sat at tables on own in classrooms spaced out etc	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 19 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	vacant, assuming that the teacher does not need to raise their voice.			
	• All teachers and other staff can operate across different classes in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable. (Note that in the event that a member of staff develops coronavirus symptoms and tests positive then their close contacts across all these bubble groups may need to be sent home to self-isolate).	~	Guidance noted. Staffing continuity established where possible	LOW
	The bubble groups (pupils) do not mix with other bubble groups throughout the school day.	~	No bubbles are permitted to mix during the school day	
	Classrooms are accessed directly from outside where possible.	\checkmark		
	• Pupils occupy the same classroom throughout the school day where possible. Where unavoidably different groups of pupils use the same classroom at different times, the area is cleaned adequately in between their occupancy.	~	There is no classroom used by more than one bubble in the same day	
	• Pupils who routinely attend more than one setting on a part time basis have been identified and additional measures put in place as necessary.	\checkmark		
Lunchtime arrangements	 A range of measures are considered and implemented to reduce the risk of transmission and contamination: Lunches are served and eaten within the bubble classroom Several lunch sittings are organised. The hall is zoned such that two or more groups may use it at the same time, with timings staggered so that different bubbles are not queuing whilst waiting to be served at the same time. Separate waste stations are provided. Social distancing between bubbles can be encouraged with the following measures: folding hall partition dividers, freestanding screens or floor markings. The ability of pupils to follow the social distancing rules has been taken into account within these measures. Midday Supervisors are allocated to the lowest number of consistent bubble groups. 	~	Lunch sittings are in place with cleaning in between Both halls continue to be used for dining at lunchtime Staff allocated to specific areas	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 20 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 Suitable cleaning for infection control purposes is undertaken between any bubble groups usage of a space (mandatory). 			
Curriculum: Science and D&T	 CLEAPSS guides are followed as necessary: P110 Practical activities in a bubble P104 Managing hands-on activities in schools in locally locked down areas P112 Practical activities for children in locally locked down areas. 	~	Guidance acknowledged and available for key members of staff	LOW
Curriculum: School Sport	 PE, sport and physical activity provided by schools to their own pupils under their systems of control can continue. This includes sports clubs or activities before or after school, in addition to their regular PE lessons. Competition between different schools do not take place, in line with the local restrictions on grassroots sport. 	~	PE lessons taking place with appropriate measures in place 0 limited contact etc After schools clubs not running in Spring term 1 No competitions being attended	
	 Contact sports are avoided. The school only provides team sports on the list available at <u>return</u> <u>to recreational team sport framework</u>. Activities such as active miles, making break times and lessons active and encouraging active travel help to enable pupils to be physically active while encouraging physical distancing. 	~	Same as above	-
	Distancing is maximised between pupils as much as possible during all activities.	~		
	• Pupils are kept within their bubble groups. Multiple bubble groups may use outdoor space at the same time providing they is a significant distance from each other at all times and equipment is not shared.	✓	Bubbles will not mix without Social Distancing or Best Practice Hygiene principles applied.	-
	• Scrupulous attention is paid towards cleaning and hygiene. This is particularly important in a sports setting because of the way in which people breathe during exercise.	~		-
	Sports equipment thoroughly cleaned (or kept in quarantine for 72 hours) between each use by different individual groups.			

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 21 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Curriculum: Music, dance and drama in school	• Singing, wind and brass playing do not take place in larger groups. In smaller groups as additional risk can build from aerosol transmission with volume and with the combined numbers of individuals within a confined space, the mitigations should be assessed to see whether they are adequate.		No large group musical sessions taking place.	
	• Particular care is taken in all music, dance and drama lessons to observe social distancing where possible. This may limit group activity in these subjects in terms of numbers in each group. It will also prevent physical correction by teachers and contact between pupils in dance and drama. Pupils should use seating where practical to help maintain social distancing.	v		LOW
	• Any background or accompanying music is kept to levels which do not encourage teachers or other performers to raise their voices unduly. If possible, microphones are used to reduce the need for shouting or prolonged periods of loud speaking or singing.	 Image: A start of the start of		LOW
	 Playing instruments and singing in groups take place outdoors wherever possible. If indoors, a room is used with as much space as possible, for example, larger rooms; rooms with high ceilings are expected to enable dilution of aerosol transmission. If playing indoors, limiting the numbers to account for ventilation of the space and the ability to social distance. It is important to ensure good ventilation. 	√		LOW
	 Shared equipment is avoided wherever possible. Name labels on equipment have been considered to help identify the designated user. Handling of music scores, parts and scripts is limited to the individual using them. If instruments and equipment have to be shared, they are disinfected regularly. Increased handwashing is undertaken before and after handling 	 Image: A start of the start of		LOW
	 equipment, especially if being used by more than one person. The number of suppliers when hiring instruments and equipment is limited. Hired equipment, tools or other equipment is cleaned on 	~		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 22 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures arrival and before first use.	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	<pre>Where:</pre>	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
School hall	 Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one bubble group are not undertaken. Halls, dining areas and internal and external sports facilities for exercise may be used by single bubble groups with adequate cleaning between the groups. 	✓ ✓	Guidance noted	
Pupil toilets	 Wherever possible, individual groups of pupils (the bubble) are allocated their own toilets. This ideally would be their own toilet block. Alternatively, a set of cubicles and sinks could be divided into two where two classrooms share a single block and signage displayed (consider maturity of pupils in following these rules). However, different groups don't need to be allocated their own toilet blocks, but toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet. 	~	Toilet protocols to be established with Year Group bubbles	LOW
Playground and school field	The school makes use of outdoor spaces to support delivery of the curriculum – outdoor education can limit transmission and more easily allow for distance between pupils and staff.	✓	Guidance noted	LOW
	• The use of play equipment is examined, ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between groups of children using it, and that multiple groups do not use it simultaneously.	✓		

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 23 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	Pupils playing outside are encouraged to undertake non-touch activities wherever possible. Groups of pupils do not mix.	√	Guidance noted	
Lack of air changes / ventilation	 Mechanical ventilation systems have been adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply). Further advice available here (HSE) and here (CIBSE). 	✓	National ventilation encouraged and used at all times in classrooms and areas used by more than one person.	
	 Natural ventilation is used to help reduce the risk of spreading coronavirus: Opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space). Opening internal doors (note that this also has the benefit of reducing touch points). Opening external doors where there are no security concerns and where it doesn't create uncomfortable drafts. 	✓	All of the indicated protocols followed	LOW
	 To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should also be used as appropriate: Opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts Increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g. before and after classes, during break and lunch) Providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. Rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts. 	•	All of the indicated protocols followed	
	 Heating is used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces. 	\checkmark	All of the indicated protocols followed	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 24 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Breakfast and After School Clubs (<u>Reference</u>)	Where possible, breakfast club and after school provision is provided to help support the children of critical workers.	✓	Breakfast club running – reduced numbers attending and spaced out into bubbles to reduce risk After school provision not available in Spring 1 -will be reviewed for Spring 2	
	• Schools keep children within their day bubbles where possible in these clubs. If it is not possible to maintain bubbles being used during the school day then schools should use small, consistent groups.	~	Guidance noted. Additional staff allocated	
Hiring out the school facilities	• Risk assessments / covid-safe procedures are requested from external bodies or organisations such as external coaches or after-school or holiday clubs. In doing so, the schools should ensure that they complement the school's risk assessment measures and they have had due regard to any other <u>relevant government guidance</u> .	~		LOW
Operational issues				
Availability of staff	 Trained staff are available to support pupil personal needs e.g. o lifting, use of hoists o intimate care o managing medical needs including medicines 	~		LOW
	• Sufficient Physical Intervention trained staff are on site (see "other issues" below)	\checkmark		LOW
	Continency plans have been explored in the event that key members of staff are unavailable to work e.g. they are self-isolating.	\checkmark		
Supervision	Supervision ratios are met (for identified individual pupils)	\checkmark		LOW
First Aid	Adequate number of first aiders (FAW / EFAW) are on site.	\checkmark		
	Adequate number of paediatric first aiders are on site.	\checkmark	14 PFA onsite	LOW
Catering	Assurance has been obtained that the school's catering provider complies with the guidance for food businesses on coronavirus.	~		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 25 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
Site Health and Safe	ety Concerns (General)			
Legionella	Rarely used outlets have been identified taking into account current usage of taps.	✓		LOW
Fire Procedures	Fire drills are undertaken as normal.	\checkmark	Applied with social distancing where practicable (last test 16.11.20)	LOW
	• No changes are required to the fire evacuation procedures apart from the assembly point is organised with 2 metre social distancing between the bubble groups. (Social distancing is not <i>required</i> during the evacuation between anyone and between members of the same bubble group at the assembly point).	~		
Personal Health and	l Safety Concerns (General)			
Pupil Behaviour (<u>Reference</u>)	• The school behaviour policy has been updated to reflect the new rules and routines, setting clear, reasonable and proportionate expectations of pupil behaviour.	~	Discussed on INSET 01.09.20	LOW
	These have been communicated to staff, pupils and parents/carers. The consequences for poor behaviour and deliberately breaking the rules and how they will enforce those rules including any sanctions have been set out clearly at the earliest opportunity. This is particularly the case when considering restrictions on movement within school and new hygiene rules (see also SEND section below).			
SEND pupils	Individual pupil risk assessments are subject to regular reviews noting any behavioural changes with the pupil on site.	✓	Review dates set on all individual RAS – set for fortnightly reviews	
	• The school uses their best endeavours to secure the special educational provision called for by the pupils' needs. The school work with families to deliver an ambitious curriculum noting that they may not be able to access remote education without adult support.	✓	Pastoral / SEND support team working closely with children in school and also those accessing via remote learning to offer very best level of support and guidance	
	Appropriate support is made available for pupils with SEND, for example by deploying teaching assistants and enabling specialist	~	Additional staff and arrangements in place to support identified children	LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 26 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	staff from both within and outside the school to work with pupils in different classes or year groups.			
Staff welfare and staff redeployment	• Governing boards and school leaders have regard to staff (including the Head Teacher) work-life balance and wellbeing. Schools should ensure they have explained to all staff the measures they are proposing putting in place and involve all staff in that process.	~	Discussed with Board 16.07.20	
	 Schools have considered the potential concerns of staff who may be reluctant or anxious about being in school and the right support is in place to address this. This may include staff who have been in the clinically vulnerable health and BAME groups and families that have been personally affected. The school has discussed their concerns and provide reassurance of the measures they are putting in place to reduce the risk in school. 	~	Open discussion took place on first day back 0 INSET. HT sending regular communication to all staff about all matters COVID related and held individual meetings with all staff during Spring 1	
	 Wellbeing support for all staff is in place and also for those that require additional support (ref: HR Trauma process and Bereavement Policy). 	✓		
	Telephone counselling services are available.	\checkmark	School Counsellor available	LOW
	Appropriate support and contact is provided to staff who are home working, particularly for extended periods of time. <u>https://www.nhs.uk/oneyou/every-mind-matters/coronavirus-covid-19-staying-at-home-tips/</u>	~	Regular team meetings taking place each week with staff working from home via Teams. HT will ensure regular comms are sent out to all staff including those working from home	
	Teaching assistants may be deployed to lead groups or cover lessons, under the direction and supervision of a qualified, or nominated, teacher Any redeployments are not at the expense of supporting pupils with SEND.	~		
	 Managers have discussed and agreed any changes to staff roles with individuals. Planning builds in the need to avoid increases in unnecessary and unmanageable workload burdens. This could 	✓		LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 27 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 include a review of existing practices in this respect and schools may wish to draw on DfE's <u>workload reduction toolkit</u>. DfE has also published a range of resources, including <u>case studies</u> to support remote education and help address staff workload, this includes case studies on managing wellbeing. Where staff have been temporarily redeployed to different roles, they have the appropriate skills, expertise and experience to carry out the work. 			
Pupil welfare and mental health support (<u>Reference</u>)	• The <u>Wellbeing for Education Return</u> programme and referrals to the local NHS children and young people's mental health service are made where pupils including vulnerable children are experiencing severe anxiety or depression as a result of the pandemic.	~	In place where necessary	
	 The school has considered the provision of pastoral and extra- curricular activities to pupils, particular groups or individuals designed to: support the rebuilding of friendships and social engagement address and equip pupils to respond to issues linked to coronavirus support pupils with approaches to improving their physical and mental wellbeing The school considers how they are working with school nursing services to support the health and wellbeing of their pupils. 	~	School has ensured that the curriculum both in school and remotely delivered is well matched and includes elements of PSHE that allows all pupils to share their thoughts and feelings.	
	 The pandemic may lead to some pupils experiencing bullying, discrimination or harassment, for example due to their ethnicity or nationality, or perceived illness. This is monitored and appropriate proactive and reactive measures taken. 	~	Issue identified in the SDP 20/21	LOW
Other Issues				
Remote Education	 Remote education plans are in place for individuals or groups of self-isolating pupils or because they are complying with clinical or public health advice. 	✓	All pupils self- isolating are able to access remote learning via the Seesaw app.	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 28 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	 The remote education provided is equivalent in length to the core teaching pupils would receive in school and will include both recorded or live direct teaching time, and time for pupils to complete tasks and assignments independently. The amount of remote education provided is as a minimum: Key Stage 1: 3 hours a day on average across the cohort, with less for younger children Key Stage 2: 4 hours a day 	~	Where necessary paper packs of work are being provided All staff aware of the guidelines relating to 3 / 4 hours daily remote learning provision and are designing the provision around this.	
Training certificates that have expired during the partial closure.	 Expired group and individual training certificates have been identified. Some training may be available via virtual learning (Teams, Zoom, Meet) Some refresher requalification training may be available via eLearning. 	✓	All training logs reviewed to ensure appropriately trained staff in place	LOW
	 FAW or EFAW certificates that expired after 16 March 2020 can remain valid until 31 October 2020 or 6 months from date of expiry, whichever is later. All requalification training for these certificates should be completed by 31 March 2021. The validity of current paediatric certificates first aid certificates which expired on or after 16 March 2020 can be extended to 25 November 2020 at the latest. 	✓	Noted	
	• For the period COVID-19 measures are in place, a DSL (or deputy) who has been trained will continue to be classed as a trained DSL (or deputy) even if they miss their refresher training.	~	Guidance noted	LOW
Incident Reporting	 A case of disease is recorded via the school's incident reporting system and to the HSE (via RIDDOR) where a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19 is likely to have been caused by an occupational exposure, that is, whether or not there is reasonable evidence that a work-related exposure is the likely cause of the disease. <u>https://notifications.hse.gov.uk/riddorforms/Disease</u> (Contact your Safety Adviser for advice) 	✓	Noted	LOW

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 29 of 31)



Hazard Aspect			 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, Iow
Safeguarding	DSL or a deputy always available during school hours for staff.† (Note the potential for school leaders to self-isolate)	~	3 DSL on site typically	LOW
	• DSLs (and deputies) are provided with more time to help them provide support to staff and children regarding any new safeguarding and welfare concerns and the handling of referrals to children's social care and other agencies where these are appropriate, and agencies and services should prepare to work together to actively look for signs of harm.	✓ 3 DSL Staff are all currently non-teaching roles		LOW
	• When a vulnerable child is asked to self-isolate, schools notify their social worker (if they have one).	~	System in place to ensure this happens through the DSL / Pastoral support team	
	 If vulnerable children do not attend, the school: works together with the LA and social worker (where applicable) to follow up with the parent or carer to explore the reason for absence, discussing their concerns using supporting guidance considering the child's circumstances and their best interests work together with the LA and social worker (where applicable) and other relevant partners to encourage the child or young person to attend educational provision, particularly where the social worker agrees that the child or young person's attendance would be appropriate Where schools grant a leave of absence to a vulnerable child they will speak to parents and carers, and social workers (where applicable) to explore the reasons for this and any concerns raised. The discussions should focus on the welfare of the child or young person and ensuring that the child or young person is able to access appropriate education and support while they are at home. Where providers have had to temporarily stop on-site provision on public health advice, they inform the LA to discuss alternative arrangements for vulnerable children and young people and work towards welcoming back pupils as soon as possible, where feasible 	✓	Regular communication is being made in such cases and visits to home address also made to ensure child is safe and able to access remote learning – devices / paper packs made available where needed.	
School Meals	to do so.The school continues to provide free school meal support to pupils	✓	FSM children are being provided with hot meal	

RISK ASSESSMENT: Whole School (Primary): Covid-19 v.4 (Page 30 of 31)



Hazard Aspect	Possible control measures	 ✓ if in place ✗ if not or n/a 	 Where: ★ state action to be taken with timescales ★ any additional control measures ✓ site specific details 	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low
	who are eligible for benefits related free school meals and who are not attending school.		on site and voucher scheme in place for those working remotely	
Reviews	Regular reviews are undertaken on the effectiveness of the control measures and plans and changes are made accordingly. The school follows any forthcoming instructions from the employer, government advice, and national or local directions from Public Health England.	•		LOW
	• Updates are highlighted on the risk assessment and shared with staff.	✓	Updates provided to staff	LOW

Are there any other for	oreseeable hazards associated with Covid-19?	Yes		
		No	\boxtimes	
Additional Hazards	List any addition	il cont	trol measures required	Residual Risk rating High, medium, low



+ Designated safeguarding leads (DSLs)

The optimal scenario for any school is to have a trained DSL or deputy available on site. It is recognised this may not be possible, and where this is the case there are 2 options to consider:

- a trained DSL or deputy from the school can be available to be contacted via phone or online video for example working from home
- sharing trained DSLs or deputies with other schools (who should be available to be contacted via phone or online video)

Where a trained DSL or deputy is not on site, in addition to one of the above options, the department recommend a senior leader takes responsibility for co-ordinating safeguarding on site. This might include updating and managing access to child protection files, liaising with the offsite DSL (or deputy) and as required liaising with children's social workers where they require access to children in need and/or to carry out statutory assessments at the school or college.

Whatever the scenario, it is important that all school staff and volunteers have access to a trained DSL or deputy and know on any given day who that person is and how to speak to them.

Reference Websites:

- www.gov.uk/government/collections/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-for-schools-and-other-educational-settings
- <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-guidance-on-supporting-children-and-young-peoples-mental-health-and-wellbeing/guidance-for-parents-and-carers-on-supporting-children-and-young-peoples-mental-health-and-wellbeing-during-the-coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak</u>

ASSESSED BY (Print name)	SIGNED	DATE	
ROB PERKINS	R.Perkins	20/01/21	